

File Revision Date:

August 31, 2000

**WHOLE DATA SET**

DataSetName: Nitric acid, ozone, and nitrous oxide vertical profiles over:

South Pole, Antarctica; 1993

South Pole, Antarctica; January, 1994

South Pole, Antarctica; 1995

DataSource: Stony Brook ground-based mm-wave spectrometer

ScientificContact: Dr. Robert L. de Zafra

Physics Dept., SUNY

Stony Brook, NY 11794

RDEZAFRA@notes.cc.sunysb.edu

(631) 632-8137

SourceCharacteristics: Stratospheric HNO<sub>3</sub>, O<sub>3</sub> and N<sub>2</sub>O between 17 and 50 km.

InvestigationObjectives: Measurement of the variations in the vertical profiles of chlorine monoxide, nitric acid, ozone and nitrous oxide in the stratosphere over South Pole and McMurdo Station, Antarctica.

InstrumentAttributes: Ground-based mm-wave heterodyne receiver/spectrometer using a Shottky junction mixer. Pressure broadened emission spectra from molecular rotation lines are measured. Data is acquired alternately from the zenith (the reference) and from approximately ten degrees above the horizon (the signal). The difference spectrum, [signal-reference]/reference, is used to isolate stratospheric emissions. Data is recorded in fifteen minute scans that are combined into an integrated spectrum for data analysis. See reference 1.

MeasuredParameters: Mixing ratio of nitric acid, ozone, or nitrous oxide as a function of altitude. Resolution approximately six km. Altitude for peak of mixing ratio distribution for a layer is determined to +/- 2 km or less.

DataSetQuality: Spectral line intensity calibrated against black-body sources of known temperature several times per day. Estimated calibration errors +/- 10%; estimated vertical profile retrieval errors given separately with data files.

DataProcessingOverview: Input data are pressure broadened emission spectra a bandwidth of 512 MHz at 1 MHz resolution. Output data are mixing ratios as functions of altitude, extracted from the input lineshapes by numerical deconvolution. Vertical resolution is approximately 6 km, but smoothly interpolated mixing ratios are given at 1 km intervals.

DataUsage: Expected uses are to show secular change of the vertical profiles of ozone, nitrous oxide, and nitric acid, reflecting transport and chemical changes over the course of a year's observations. An additional use is to correlate these data with similar measurements taken by the Microwave Limb Sounder instrument aboard UARS.

FileClassRelationships: File classes are for different molecular species, nitric acid, ozone, and nitrous oxide.

LitReferences: 1) A. Parrish, R.L. de Zafr, P.M. Solomon, and J.W. Barrett, Radio Science, 23, 106-118, 1988.

2) S. Twomey, B. Herman, R. Rabinoff, Journal of the Atmospheric Sciences, 34, 1085-1090, 1977.

3) S. Twomey, Introduction to the Mathematics of Inversion in Remote Sensing and Indirect Measurements, Elsevier, Amsterdam, Holland, 1977.

### **FILE CLASS**

FileClassName: Nitrous oxide

RecordTypeNames: Vertical profile

Algorithms: Reference 2

FileClassSyntax: Chronological

FileClassFieldRelationships: South Pole, Antarctica; 1993 contains the same fields in all file classes

FileClassName: Nitric Acid

RecordTypeNames: Vertical profile

Algorithms: Reference 3

FileClassSyntax: Chronological

FileClassFieldRelationships: South Pole, Antarctica; 1993 contains the same fields in all file classes

FileClassName: Ozone

RecordTypeNames: Vertical profile

Algorithms: Reference 2

FileClassSyntax: Chronological

FileClassFieldRelationships: South Pole, Antarctica; 1993 contains the same fields in all file classes

### **RECORD**

RecordName: Vertical profile

RecordStructure: Variable

RecordLength: 34 data points

RecordFieldNames: Altitude, pressure, mixing ratio, and uncertainty in mixing ratio.

RecordSyntax: Each line of data contains altitude, pressure, mixing ratio, and uncertainty in mixing ratio at that altitude. Altitude increases from beginning to end of file.

### **FIELDS**

FieldName: Altitude

FieldMnemonic: z  
FieldSyntax: One-dimensional array  
FieldUnits: Meters  
FieldResolution: 1000  
FieldRange: 17000 to 50000  
FieldDescription: Altitude above observing site  
FieldRepresentation: Integer\*4

FieldName: Pressure  
FieldMnemonic: P  
FieldSyntax: One-dimensional array  
FieldUnits: mbar  
FieldResolution: .01  
FieldRange: 80 to .5  
FieldDescription: Atmospheric pressure  
FieldRepresentation: integer\*4

FieldName: Mixing ratio  
FieldMnemonic: MR  
FieldSyntax: One-dimensional array  
FieldUnits: Parts per million by volume (ppmv)  
FieldResolution: .001 (N2O), .0001 (HNO3), .001 (O3)  
FieldRange: .001 to .300 (N2O), .0001 to .0240 (HNO3), .001 to 5.500 (O3)  
FieldDescription: Mixing ratio of species  
FieldRepresentation: integer\*4

FieldName: Uncertainty in mixing ratio  
FieldMnemonic: MRsigma  
FieldSyntax: One-dimensional array  
FieldUnits: Part per million by volume (ppmv)  
FieldResolution: .001 (N2O), .0001 (HNO3), .001 (O3)  
FieldRange: .001 to .025 (N2O), .0001 to .0030 (HNO3), .001 to .400 (O3)  
Field Description: see comments in individual datafiles  
FieldRepresentation: integer\*4